

80 Series Economical Vector AC Drive

Operation Manual

Material Version: V2.4

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Company Standard: Q/903703SSC002-2019

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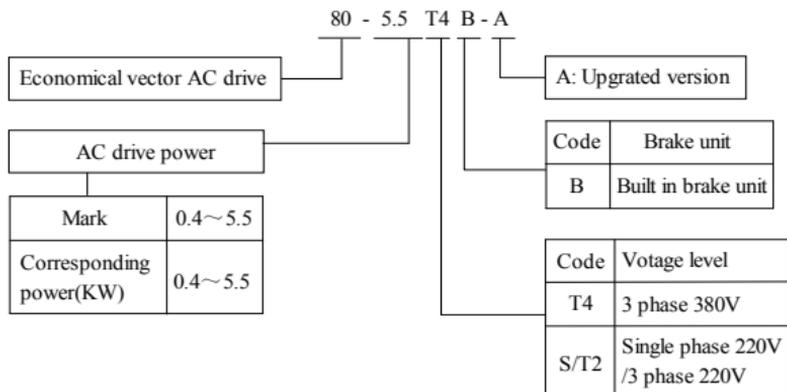
Chapter 1 Production Introduction



Note

1. Do not connect the input power to the output U, V, W, otherwise the AC drive will be damaged!
2. The braking resistor cannot be connected between the (+) and (-) terminals of the DC bus directly, otherwise it may cause a fire alarm!
3. Do not open the cover after power on, otherwise there is danger of electric shock!
4. If the parameters auto-learning is performed, please pay attention to the danger of injury from the motor rotating, otherwise it may cause an accident!
5. Do not repair and maintain the equipment with power on, otherwise there is danger of electric shock!
6. The drive can be maintained and repaired only after the DC bus voltage is lower than 36V, otherwise the residual charge on the capacitor will cause injury to people!
7. Personnel without professional training are not allowed to repair and maintain the ac drive, otherwise it may cause personal injury or equipment damage!

1.1 Naming Rule



1.2 Nameplate

| | |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Specification | MODEL: 80-2.2T4B-A |
| Input | INPUT: AC 3PH 380V $\pm 15\%$ 50/60Hz |
| Output | OUTPUT: AC 3PH 0-380V 0-999HZ 5.0A |
| Lot Identification | S/N: |

1.3 Model and Technical Parameters

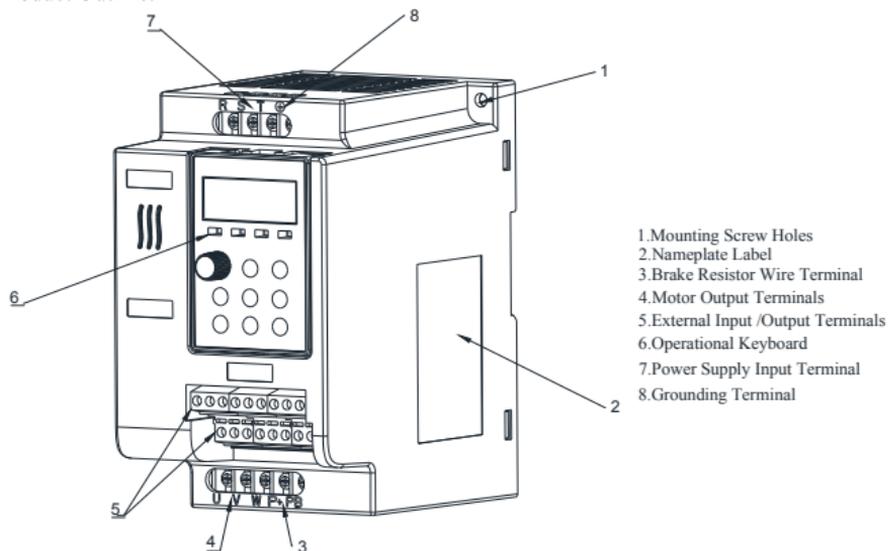
| Model | Input voltage | Output current (A) | Adopter motor (KW) |
|----------------|---|--------------------|--------------------|
| 80-0.4S/T2B-A | Single phase 220V OR3 phase 220V $\pm 15\%$ | 2.5 | 0.4 |
| 80-0.75S/T2B-A | | 5.0 | 0.75 |
| 80-1.5S/T2B-A | | 7.0 | 1.5 |
| 80-2.2S/T2B-A | | 9.6 | 2.2 |
| 80-3.0S/T2B-A | | 13 | 3.0 |
| 80-3.7S/T2B-A | | 15 | 3.7 |
| 80-0.4T4B-A | 3 phase 380V $\pm 15\%$ | 1.2 | 0.4 |
| 80-0.75T4B-A | | 2.5 | 0.75 |
| 80-1.5T4B-A | | 3.7 | 1.5 |
| 80-2.2T4B-A | | 5.0 | 2.2 |
| 80-3.0T4B-A | | 7.0 | 3.0 |
| 80-3.7T4B-A | | 8.8 | 3.7 |
| 80-5.5T4B-A | | 12.8 | 5.5 |

1.4 Technical Specification

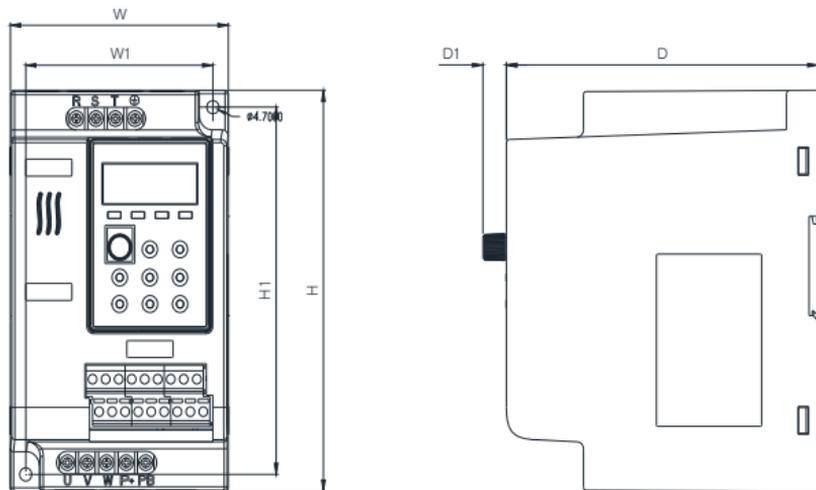
| Item | | Specification |
|---------------------|------------------------------|---|
| Input | Rated voltage | T4 series: Three phase 380V±15% S/T2 series: Three phase /Single phase 220V±15% |
| | Frequency | 50/60Hz ±5% |
| Output | Voltage | T4 series: 3 phase 0~380V; S/T2 series: 3 phase 0~220V |
| | Frequency | 0~999Hz |
| Control performance | Control mode | Open-loop vector control, V/F control |
| | Start torque | Open-loop vector control: 0.5Hz 180%, VF control: 0.5Hz 150% |
| protection function | Various protection functions | Including overvoltage, over-current, overheat, overload, under-voltage, short circuit, protect the ac drive running reliably all-round. |
| Condition | Storage working temperature | Storage temperature: -20~60℃; Working environment temperature: -10~40℃; When the ambient temperature is above 40℃, please derate to use, not direct sunlight |
| Structure | Protection level, vibration | IP20 protection, vibration below 0.6G |

1.5 Product Outline and Installation Hole Sizes

Product Outline:



Product size (mm)



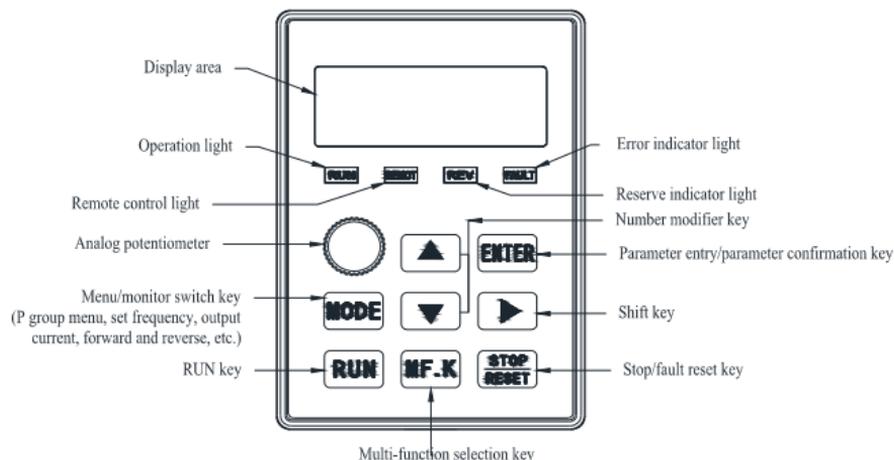
| Model | H | W | D | H1 | W1 | D1 | Installing Hole |
|----------------|-----|----|-------|-----|----|-----|-----------------|
| 80-0.4S/T2B-A | 142 | 85 | 121.5 | 130 | 73 | 9.2 | φ4.7 |
| 80-0.75S/T2B-A | | | | | | | |
| 80-1.5S/T2B-A | | | | | | | |
| 80-2.2S/T2B-A | | | | | | | |
| 80-0.4T4B-A | | | | | | | |
| 80-0.75T4B-A | | | | | | | |
| 80-1.5T4B-A | | | | | | | |
| 80-2.2T4B-A | | | | | | | |
| 80-3.0T4B-A | | | | | | | |
| 80-3.0S/T2B-A | | | | | | | |
| 80-3.7S/T2B-A | | | | | | | |
| 80-3.7T4B-A | | | | | | | |
| 80-5.5T4B-A | | | | | | | |

1.6 Selection of Braking Package

| Model | Braking Resistor Power(W) | Braking resistor value(Ω) |
|----------------|---------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 80-0.4S/T2B-A | 200 | $\cong 200$ |
| 80-0.75S/T2B-A | 200 | $\cong 130$ |
| 80-1.5S/T2B-A | 500 | $\cong 90$ |
| 80-2.2S/T2B-A | 500 | $\cong 65$ |
| 80-3.0S/T2B-A | 1000 | $\cong 43$ |
| 80-3.7S/T2B-A | 1000 | $\cong 43$ |
| 80-0.4T4B-A | 200 | $\cong 300$ |
| 80-0.75T4B-A | 200 | $\cong 300$ |
| 80-1.5T4B-A | 500 | $\cong 220$ |
| 80-2.2T4B-A | 500 | $\cong 200$ |
| 80-3.0T4B-A | 500 | $\cong 200$ |
| 80-3.7T4B-A | 1000 | $\cong 130$ |
| 80-5.5T4B-A | 1000 | $\cong 100$ |

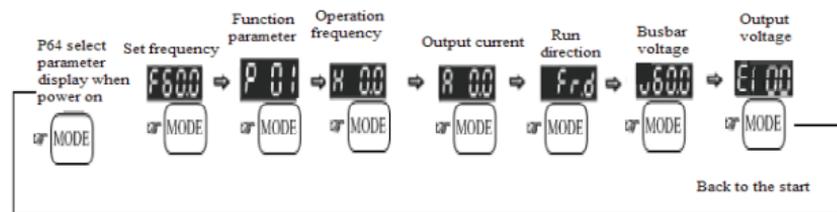
Chapter 2 Keyboard Operation and Electrical Wiring

2.1 Operational Keyboard Instruction



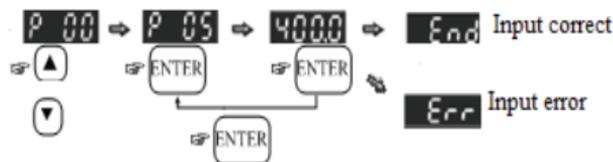
2.2 Operation Process

1. Screen selection



2. Parameter Setting

In the screen selection mode, press Enter to input parameter setting.



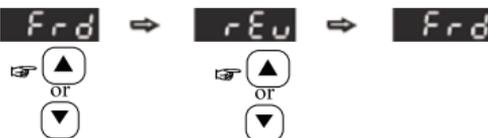
In the parameter mode, press Mode, it can return the screen selection mode.

3. Keyboard digital frequency up and down modification



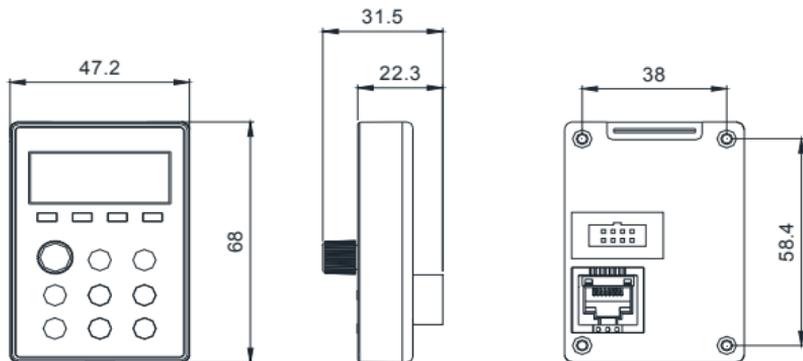
4. Rotation Direction Set

When the operation command source is the digital operation panel, the direction can be modified by the up and down keys.



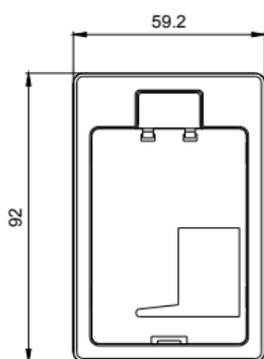
2.3 Operating Keyboard Size and Mounting Dimensions

1. Operating keyboard outline

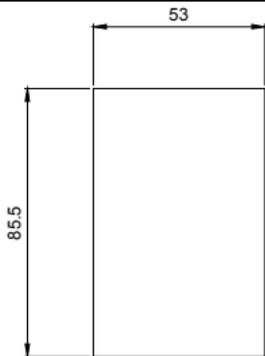


2. Keyboard tray outline size

The keyboard tray extension cable can be selected when it needs to pull the keyboard out to other cabinets or consoles, the tray open size as below:



Keyboard tray outline

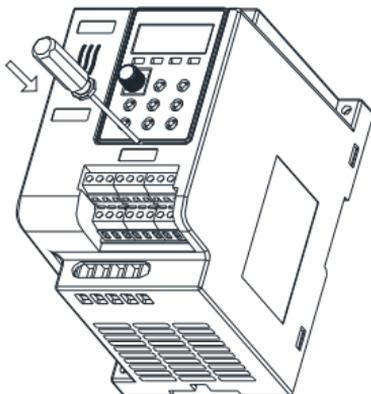


Keyboard tray opening size

2.4 Disassembly and Installation of Keyboard

1. Disassembly of the keyboard

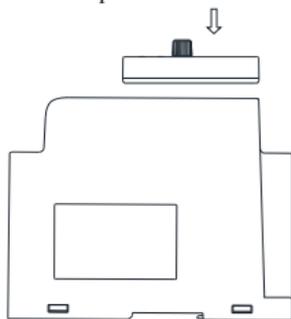
Refer to the figure below for disassembly of keyboard. Insert a small screwdriver into the buckle slot, press down the screwdriver handle firmly, and push the buckle out of the buckle slot. When installing, insert the lower panel obliquely into the upper panel, align the hook with the groove and press it down vertically to fasten it.



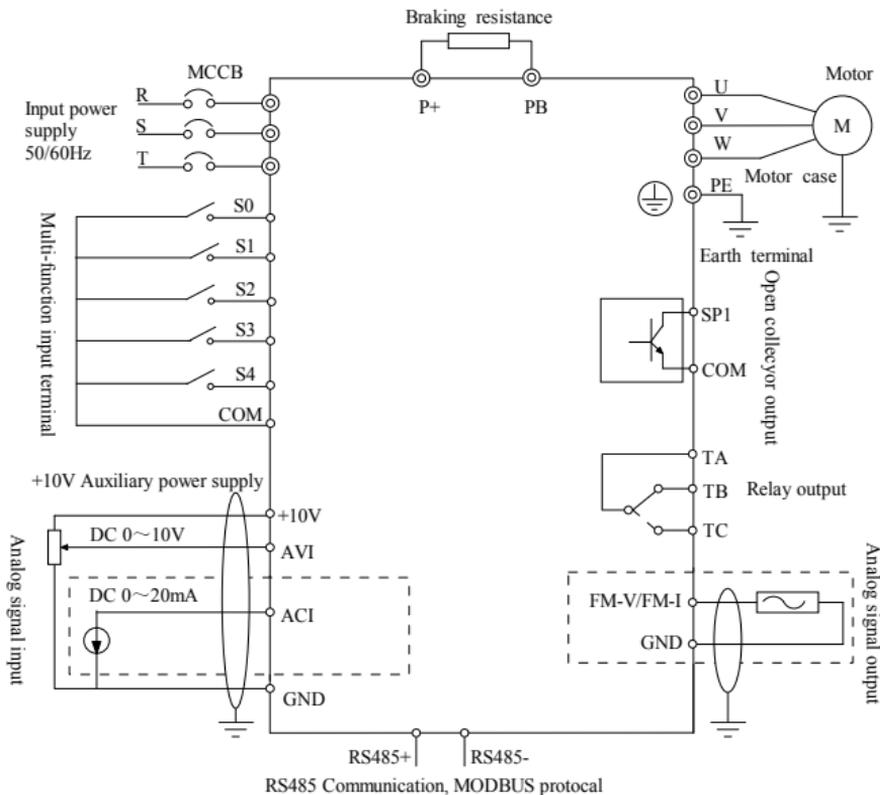
2. Installation of keyboard

Refer to the figure below for the installation of the keyboard, align the operation panel with the bracket, and press the panel inward vertically. When a "click" heard, it indicates that it is

snapped in place and the installation is completed.



2.5 Wiring method



2.6 Main Circuit Terminals and Function Description

| Terminal remark | Name | Description |
|---|---------------------------|---|
| R、S、T | Power supply input end | AC power connection point |
| P+、PB | Braking resistor terminal | Connect the brake resistor connection point |
| U、V、W | Ac drive output terminal | Connect a three-phase motor |
|  | Ground terminal | Ground terminal |

2.7 Control Terminal Diagram and Function Description

1. 80 Main control circuit terminals drawing

| | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|------|------|------|------|-----|------|-----|-----|------|
| GND | 485+ | 485- | +10V | FM-V | S0 | S1 | S2 | S3 | S4 |
| TA | TB | TC | AVI | ACI | GND | FM-I | SP1 | COM | +24V |

2. Function of the control terminals

| The main control circuit terminals | | | |
|------------------------------------|-----------------|------------------------------------|---|
| Type | Terminal Symbol | Terminal Name | Function |
| Power supply | +10V-GND | External connect +10v power supply | Provide +10V power supply for outside, Normally used as working power of the external potentiometer, potentiometer resistance range: 1K Ω ~ 10K Ω Max output current: 10mA |
| | +24V-COM | External +24V power supply | Provide +24v power supply to outside; generally used as digit input output terminal and external sensor power supply and; the maximum output current: 200A |
| Analog input | AVI-GND | Voltage Analog input terminal | 1. Input voltage range: DC 0V~10V 2. Input resistance: 20K Ω |
| | ACI-GND | Current Analog input terminal | 1. Input range: 0~20mA 2. Input resistance: 250 Ω |

| | | | |
|------------------------|--------------|---|---|
| Digital input | S0-COM | Multi-function digital input terminal 0 | Function could be set refer to P38-P42, valid when close, and invalid when disconnect |
| | S1-COM | Multi-function digital input terminal 1 | |
| | S2-COM | Multi-function digital input terminal 2 | |
| | S3-COM | Multi-function digital input terminal 3 | |
| | S4-COM | Multi-function digital input terminal 4 | |
| Analog output | FM-V FM-I | Analog output terminal ,one circuit the same time | FM-V output voltage range: DC 0V~10V; FM-I output current range: DC 0~20mA; |
| Digital output | SP1-24V | Open collector output | Output voltage range: DC 0V~24V Max output current 50mA |
| Relay output | TA-TB-TC | Relay output | TA-TB normal closed terminal TA-TC normal open terminal Contact capacity: AC 250V/3A, DC30V/1A |
| Communication terminal | 485- 485+ | RS485 hardware circuit | Support standard MODBUS |

Chapter 3 Parameter Function Description

“√” indicates the parameter can be modified, no matter the drive runs or stops;

“×” means the parameter cannot be modified while the drive is running;

“○” indicates the parameter can only be read.

| Parameter code | Parameter function | Setting range | Factory default | Modification |
|----------------|-------------------------------|--|-----------------|--------------|
| P00 | Main frequency source setting | 00: Keyboard digital setting(P14,UP/DN valid) 01: Analog signal 0~10V input(AVI) 02: Analog signal 0~20mA input(ACI) 03: Communication setting (RS-485) 04: Keyboard potentiometer setting | 4 | × |
| P01 | Run channel source setting | 00: Keyboard control 01: External terminal control, STOP key is valid. 02: External terminal control, STOP key is invalid. 03: Communication input control, STOP key is valid 04: Communication input control, STOP key is invalid | 0 | × |
| P02 | Stop mode | 00: Dec to stop 01: Coast to stop | 0 | √ |
| P03 | Highest output frequency | 50.0~999.9Hz | 50.0 | × |
| P04 | Motor rated frequency | 10.0 Hz~P03 | 50.0 | × |
| P05 | Motor rated voltage | 10V~800V | 220 380 | × |
| P06 | Intermediate | 0.0 Hz~P03 | 10.0 | √ |

| | | | | |
|-----|------------------------------|--|--------------------|---|
| | frequency | | | |
| P07 | Intermediate voltage | 0.1V~510.0V | 44.0 76.0 | √ |
| P08 | The lowest frequency | 0.0 Hz~P03 | 5.0 | √ |
| P09 | The lowest voltage | 0.1V~510.0V | 22.0 38.0 | √ |
| P10 | 1st Acceleration time | 0.1~999.9s | Model dependent | √ |
| P11 | 1st Deceleration time | 0.1~999.9s | Model dependent | √ |
| P12 | 2nd Acceleration time | 0.1~999.9s For the second acceleration/ deceleration time, it needs to select a terminal from S2~ S5, and set it as selecting acceleration/deceleration time 2. If the terminal is closed, the second acceleration/ deceleration time is selected, and if it disconnects, the first acceleration/deceleration time is selected. | Model dependent | √ |
| P13 | 2nd Deceleration time | 0.1~999.9s | Model dependent | √ |
| P14 | Digital frequency setting | 0.00~P03 | 50.00 | √ |
| P15 | Jog Acc. and Dec. time | 0.1~999.9s | 10.0 | √ |
| P16 | Jog run frequency | 0.00~P03 | 6.00 | √ |
| P17 | 1st stage freq. setting | 0.00~P03 | 0.00 | √ |
| P18 | 2nd stage freq. setting | 0.00~P03 | 0.00 | √ |
| P19 | 3rd stage freq. setting | 0.00~P03 | 0.00 | √ |
| P20 | 4th stage freq. setting | 0.00~P03 | 0.00 | √ |
| P21 | 5th stage freq. setting | 0.00~P03 | 0.00 | √ |

| | | | | |
|---|--|--|----------------|---|
| P22 | 6th stage freq. setting | 0.00~P03 | 0.00 | √ |
| P23 | 7th stage freq. setting | 0.00~P03 | 0.00 | √ |
| <p>Note: Set multi-speed frequency or PLC running frequency. Multi-stage speed is selected by external input terminals S2~S5. For the relevant parameters of terminal function selection, please refer to P38~P42. Please refer to P78~P87 for the related parameters of PLC operation.</p> | | | | |
| P24 | Reversal function set forbidden | 00: Reversal 01: Reversal forbidden | 0 | × |
| P25 | Overvoltage limit movement level | 300.0~999.9V During the deceleration of the drive, when the DC bus voltage exceeds the overvoltage limit protection voltage, the drive stops decelerating and maintaining the present operating frequency, and continues to decelerate after the bus voltage drops. | 370.0 715.0 | √ |
| P26 | VF over current stall protection point | 100~200%(Relative to ac drive rated current) During the acceleration and deceleration , when the output current exceeds the over-current stall protection current, the drive stops the acceleration and deceleration process, and continues to accelerate and decelerate after the output current drops. | 180 | √ |
| P27 | Carrier related temperature adjustment enable(when the | 0: No enable 1: Enable | 1 | √ |

| | | | | |
|-----|---|---|-------|---|
| | temperature exceeds 80°C, carrier cut in half.) | | | |
| P28 | DC braking current set | 0~150%(Relative to motor rated current) | 50 | √ |
| P29 | DC braking time setting when start | 0.0~10.0s (Start DC braking takes precedence over the start frequency) | 0.0 | √ |
| P30 | DC braking time setting when stop | 0.0~20.0s | 0.0 | √ |
| P31 | DC braking starting frequency when stop | 0.0~50.0Hz | 0.0 | √ |
| P32 | Forward and reverse dead zone time | 0.0~60.0s | 0.0 | √ |
| P33 | VC electric torque digital setting | 0.0~250.0%(Relative to motor rated current) | 180.0 | √ |
| P34 | VC generating torque digital setting | 0.0~250.0%(Relative to motor rated current) | 140.0 | √ |
| P36 | Output frequency upper limit setting | P37~P03 | 50.0 | √ |
| P37 | Output frequency lower limit | 0.0Hz~P36 | 0.0 | √ |
| P38 | Multi-function input terminal (S0, S1) function selection | 00: S0 forward/stop,S1 reverse/Stop 01: S0start/stop,S1 reverse/forward 02: S0、 S1、 S2 three-wire run control2(S0 forward start,S1 reverse start,S2 disconnect stop) 03: S0、 S1、 S2three-wire run control1(S0 closed start,S1 closed reverse,S2 disconnect | 0 | × |

| | | stop) | | |
|-----|--|---|---|---|
| P39 | Multi-function input terminal S2 function selection (when P38 is 2, S2 is fixed as run control terminal) | 00: No function 01: Free stop control for all channels 02: UP-DW frequency clear 03: DC braking control | 5 | × |
| P40 | Multi-function input terminal S3 function selection | 04: External fault input 05: Terminal fault reset 06: Multi-step speed 1 | 6 | × |
| P41 | Multi-function input terminal S4 function selection | 07: Multi-step speed 2 08: Multi-step speed 3 09: Forward jog | 7 | × |
| P42 | Reserved (no function) | 10: Reversal jog 11: Select Acc. And Dec. time 2 12: Swing frequency forbidden 13: Reserved 14: UP frequency increase by degrees(P140 change rate) 15: DOWN decrease frequency 16: Reserved 17: PLC process reset 18: Counter input 19: Counter reset 20~24: Reserved 25: Parameter locked 26: Reserved 27: Reserved 28: Start 2rd freq. source | | |

Note: The switch combination for the three terminals of multi-speed 1, multi-speed 2, and multi-speed 3 can be combined into a total of 7 speeds. If combined with the main frequency source and auxiliary frequency source, the function of 9 speeds can be achieved. The relevant coordination parameters are P17~P23.

| P43 | Analog output signal FM setting | 0: Output freq.(0~max. output freq.) 1: Output current(0~250% rated current) 2: PID feedback signal(0~10.00V) 3: Output voltage(0~120% ac drive rated voltage) 4: Keyboard potentiometer input signal(0~10.00V) | 0 | √ |
|-----|---|---|-----|---|
| P44 | Analog output FM gain setting | 0~200% | 100 | √ |
| P45 | Multifunction output terminal (SP1) setting | 00: Indication in operation 01: Freq. arrival | 0 | √ |
| P46 | Multifunction output relay TA-TB-TC setting | 02: Zero-speed run 03: Freq. level detection (P49、P50) 04: External fault 05: Under-voltage stop 06: At least one terminal close 07: Fault indication 08: Random freq. arrival | 0 | √ |

| | | | | |
|-----|---|--|-----------------|---|
| | | (P47、P48) 09: Freq. arrive upper limit 10: Indication of one phase operation completion 11: Program operation completion indication 12: Freq. arrival lower limit 13: Setting count value arrival(P96) 14: Appoint count value arrival(P97) 15: Reserved 16: S0 terminal closed 17: S1terminal closed 18: S2terminal closed 19: S3terminal closed 20: S4terminal closed 21: Reserved 22: Overtorque indication (P56、P57) | | |
| P47 | Random arrival freq. setting | 0.0~999.9Hz | 0.00 | √ |
| P48 | Freq. arrival detection amplitude | 0.00~20.00Hz | 5.00 | √ |
| P49 | FDT(Freq. level) setting | 0.0~999.0Hz | 10.0 | √ |
| P50 | Frequency FDT hysteresis value | 0.0%~100.0%(FDT level) | 5.0% | √ |
| P51 | Carrier related frequency adjustment enable | 0: Carrier not adjusted 1: Carrier is adjusted with operating frequency | 0 | √ |
| P52 | Motor rated current setting | 0.10~320.00A | Model dependent | × |
| P53 | Motor no-load current | 0.10~320.00A | Model | × |

| | setting | | dependent | |
|-----|--|---|-----------------|---|
| P54 | Manual operation torque compensation | 0.1~50.0% The drive automatically outputs additional voltage during operation to obtain higher torque. Only valid for VF control. | Model dependent | √ |
| P55 | Drive rated voltage indication | 0.1~3200.0A | Model dependent | |
| P56 | Over torque level | 0.0~200.0%(Motor rated torque) | 150.0% | √ |
| P57 | Over torque judgment time | 0.0~10.0s | 1.0s | √ |
| P58 | Motor overload factor | 50.0~130.0%(Motor rated current) | 100.0 | √ |
| P59 | Swing frequency setting mode | 0: Relative to center frequency 1: Relative to maximum frequency | 0 | √ |
| P60 | Swing frequency amplitude | 0.0~100.0% | 0.0 | √ |
| P61 | Sudden jump frequency amplitude | 0.0~50.0% | 50.0 | √ |
| P62 | Swing frequency period | 0.1s~999.9s | 10.0 | √ |
| P63 | Swing frequency rise time ratio | 0.1~100.0% | 50.0% | √ |
| P64 | Display Screen selection when start up | 00: Show actual operating freq.(H) 01: Motor speed (Ones place has a decimal point for X10) 02: Show output voltage(E) 03: Show main circuit DC voltage(u) | 6 | √ |

| | | | | |
|-----|-----------------------------------|---|-----------------|---|
| | | 04: Reserved 05: Display count value(c) 06: Display setting freq.(F) 07: Display parameter setting menu(P) 08: Drive temperature (d) 09: Display motor run current(A) 10:Forward/Reverse(Frd/Rev) 11: PID given (U) 12: PID feedback(U) | | |
| P65 | Motor speed display ratio | 0.01~99.99 | 1.00 | √ |
| P66 | Communication freq. setting | 0.00~600.00Hz | 0.00 | √ |
| P67 | Forbidden set freq. I | 0.0~999.9Hz | 0.0 | √ |
| P70 | Forbidden frequency width setting | 0.00~20.00Hz | 0.00 | √ |
| P71 | Carrier freq. setting | 0.8~15.0 kHz(The highest carrier depends on the model) | Model dependent | √ |
| P72 | Fault automatic reset times | 00~10 | 0 | √ |
| P73 | The most recent abnormal record | E000: No fault | 0 | ○ |
| P74 | Nearest 2nd time abnormal record | E001: IGBT short circuit protect E004: Acceleration over-current | 0 | ○ |
| P75 | Nearest 3rd time abnormal record | E005: Deceleration over-current E006: Constant speed over-current E007: Accelerate overvoltage E008: Deceleration | 0 | ○ |

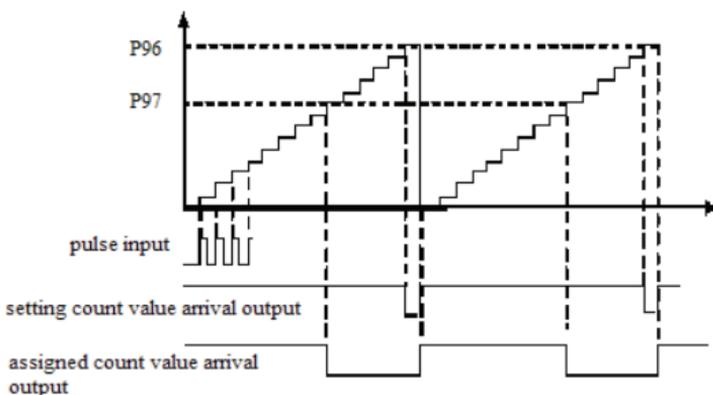
| | | | | |
|-----|-----------------------------|---|---|---|
| | | <p>overvoltage E009: Constant speed overvoltage E010: Undervoltage in running E011: Motor overload E012: Ac drive overload E013: Communication fault E014: Clear hardware latch timeout E015: The number of automatic resets exceeds the limit E016: IGBT module overheating fault E017: External fault E018: Reserved E019: Current detection fault or output phase loss E020: Motor parameter auto-learning fault E021: EEPROM fault E040: Hardware current limit exceeded</p> | | |
| P76 | Parameter lock/reset set | <p>0: No operation 1: Parameter initialization(including clearance fault record) 2: Only clear fault record 4: Clear power consumption 7: All parameters can only be read 8: Parameter lock (change as 0 to unlock)</p> | 0 | × |

| | | | | |
|-----|---|--|-----|---|
| P77 | Fault automatic reset time interval | 0.1~100.0s | 5.0 | √ |
| P78 | PLC running mode selection | 01: Stop after one cycle 02: Continuous loop 03: Keep final value after single cycle | 1 | × |
| P79 | PLC program operation direction selection | 0~127(When it is 0, the running direction is controlled by the forward or reverse command; when it is not 0, the running direction is controlled by this parameter);Binary represents: BIT6~BIT0 each bit indicates the direction of the 7th segment to the 1st segment, and the corresponding digit value is 0 for forward rotation, and 1 for reverse rotation; For example P79 = 5 (Binary bit 0000101B), which means that the 3rd and 1st segments are reverse, and the rest are forward | 0 | × |
| P80 | PLC action selection | 0: No action 1: Action | 0 | × |
| P81 | 1st stage run time setting | 0~9999s | 0 | √ |
| P82 | 2nd stage run time setting | 0~9999s | 0 | √ |
| P83 | 3rd stage run time setting | 0~9999s | 0 | √ |
| P84 | 4th stage run time | 0~9999s | 0 | √ |

| | setting | | | |
|-----|---|--|-----|---|
| P85 | 5th stage run time setting | 0~9999s | 0 | √ |
| P86 | 6th stage run time setting | 0~9999s | 0 | √ |
| P87 | 7th stage run time setting | 0~9999s | 0 | √ |
| P88 | RS-485 communication address | 0~254 | 1 | √ |
| P89 | Data transmission speed | 0: 4800bps 1: 9600bps 2: 19200bps 3: 38400bps | 1 | √ |
| P91 | Communication transmission overtime detection | 0.0: Do not detect communication faulty 0.1~30.0s (If the correct communication data is not received beyond this set time, the ac drive will report a communication error) | 0.0 | √ |
| P92 | Communication data form | 0: Modbus ASCII mode, no check <7,N,2> 1: Modbus ASCII mode, no check <7,E,1> 2: Modbus ASCII mode, no check<7,O,1> 3: Modbus RTU mode, no check <8,N,1> 4: Modbus RTU mode, even parity <8,E,1> 5: Modbus RTU mode, odd check<8,O,1> 6: Modbus RTU mode, no | 3 | √ |

| | | | | |
|-----|---------------------------|--|-----|---|
| | | check <8,N,2> 7: Modbus RTU mode, even parity <8,E,2> 8: Modbus RTU mode, odd parity <8,O,2> | | |
| P93 | Start freq. | 0.0~10.0Hz | 0.0 | √ |
| P94 | Start freq. duration time | 0.0~20.0s | 0.0 | √ |
| P96 | Set count value | 0~9999 | 0 | √ |
| P97 | Appoint count value | 0~9999 | 0 | √ |

Note: This parameter specifies the counting action of the internal counter, and the clock terminal of the counter is selected by parameter P42. (Only terminal S5 can be selected as the clock input terminal) When the count value of the counter to the external clock reaches the value specified by parameter P96, the corresponding multi-function output terminal outputs a valid width signal equal to the period of the external clock. When the count value of the counter to the external clock reaches the value specified by parameter P97, the corresponding multi-function output terminal outputs a valid signal. When the count exceeds the value specified by parameter P96 and caused the counter is cleared, the output valid signal is cancelled. The clock cycle of the counter is required to be longer than 6ms, and the minimum pulse width is 3ms..



| | | | | |
|-----|---------------------------|---|--|---|
| P98 | Accumulated power-on time | H | | ○ |
|-----|---------------------------|---|--|---|

| | | | | |
|------|--|--|-----------------|---|
| P99 | Zero frequency or frequency lower than the lower limit frequency selection | 0: Run in lower freq. P37 1: Zero frequency standby operation, no output voltage, flashing operation light 2: Zero-speed torque holding (controlled by P54 torque boost) | 0 | ○ |
| P100 | Software version | Read only | | ○ |
| P101 | Dead zone compensation gain | 0~200 | 160 | √ |
| P102 | Automatic stabilization output regulation AVR | 0: Invalid 1: All process valid 2: Only deceleration is invalid | 0 | √ |
| P103 | Reserved | | | |
| P104 | Motor stator resistance | 0.001~32.000Ω | Model dependent | × |
| P105 | Control mode | 0: V/F control 1: Vector control (Need to be set according to the motor nameplate P107、P108、P04、P05、P52) | 0 | × |
| P106 | Motor rated slip | 0.00~10.0Hz | 3.0 | × |
| P107 | Motor rated power | 0.4~160.0KW | Model dependent | × |
| P108 | Motor rated speed | 10~32000 RPM | Model dependent | × |
| P109 | Motor rotor resistance | 0.001~32.000Ω | Model dependent | × |
| P110 | Motor leakage inductance | 0.01~320.00mH | Model dependent | × |
| P111 | Motor mutual inductance | 0.1~3200.0mH | Model dependent | × |
| P113 | Output phase loss protection | 0: Invalid 1: Valid | 0 | √ |

| | | | | |
|------|---|--|------|---|
| P114 | Cooling fan start selection | 0: The fan runs when the ac drive is running, and the fan turns off after the drive stops in one minute 1: Keep running | 0 | √ |
| P115 | PID target source setting | 0: No PID function 1: Keyboard potentiometer setting 2: AVI(0~10V)setting 3: ACI(0~20mA)setting 4: PID setting address (reference to P125) | 0 | × |
| P116 | PID feedback source selection | 0: AVI(0~10V) 1: Keyboard potentiometer 2: ACI(0~20mA) | 0 | × |
| P117 | Proportional gain(P) | 0~9999(The larger the value, the faster the response and the greater the oscillation) | 800 | √ |
| P118 | Integral gain(KI) | 0~9999 (The larger the value, the faster the response and the greater the overshoot) | 1500 | √ |
| P119 | Analog input filter coefficient | 0~20(When PID pressure is unstable, increase appropriately; when CNC machine tool requires quick response, decrease appropriately) | 6 | √ |
| P120 | The analog quantity is lower than the lower limit selection | 0: Corresponds to 0.0% setting 1: Corresponding to the percentage of the lower limit setting P123 or P133 | 1 | √ |
| P121 | AVI Minimum input | 0.00~0.20V | 0.20 | |
| P122 | AVI Minimum input | 0.00~10.00V | 9.80 | √ |

| | | | | |
|------|--|--|-------|---|
| P123 | AVI Minimum input corresponding setting | 0.0~100.0% | 0.0 | √ |
| P124 | AVI Maximum input corresponding setting | 0.0~100.0% | 100.0 | √ |
| P125 | PID digital setting (can be adjusted by keyboard up and down keys) | 0.00~9.99V | 0.00 | √ |
| P126 | PID deviation limit | 0.0%~20.0%(The error between PID setting and feedback is less than this setting, PID adjustment is suspended) | 0.0 | √ |
| P127 | FM Maximum voltage | 00.00V~10.00V | 10.00 | √ |
| P128 | FM Maximum percentage | 000.0%~100.0% | 100.0 | √ |
| P129 | FM Minimum voltage | 00.00V~10.00V | 00.00 | √ |
| P130 | FM Minimum percentage | 000.0%~100.0% | 000.0 | √ |
| P131 | ACI Minimum input | 0.0~20.0mA | 4.0 | √ |
| P132 | ACI Maximum input | 0.0~20.0mA | 20.0 | √ |
| P133 | ACI Minimum input corresponding setting | 0.0~100.0% | 0.0 | √ |
| P134 | ACI Maximum input corresponding setting | 0.0~100.0% | 100.0 | √ |
| P135 | Sleep delay time | 0.0~600.0s, When the ac drive is running, when the running frequency is less than or equal to the P137 sleep frequency, after the P135 delay time, the ac drive enters | 10.0 | √ |

| | | | | |
|------|--------------------------------------|--|------|---|
| | | the sleep state, automatically stops, and the running indicator light flashes. | | |
| P136 | Awake delay time | 0.0~600.0s | 2.0 | √ |
| P137 | Sleep frequency | 0.0Hz~999.9Hz (0.0Hz non-dormant) | 0.0 | √ |
| P138 | Wake-up deviation percentage | 0.0~100.0%, When the current feedback pressure is lower than (pressure setting value *P138), the wake-up timing will be performed. When the wake-up timing exceeds the P136 wake-up delay time, the ac drive will exit the sleep state. | 80.0 | √ |
| P139 | MF.K Shortcut key function setting | 0: No function 1: Forward jog 2: Reverse jog | 0 | √ |
| P140 | UP/DW terminal modification rate 0 | 0.01~50.0Hz/s | 2.00 | √ |
| P141 | Storage digital freq. selection | 0: No storage for the keyboard digital frequency when power off 1: Storage for the keyboard digital frequency when power off | 1 | √ |
| P142 | 2nd freq. instruction source setting | 00: Keyboard digital setting(P14) 01: Analog signal 0~10V input(AVI) 02: Analog signal 0~20mA input(ACI) 03: Communication setting | 0 | √ |

| | | | | |
|------|--|---|----------------|---|
| | | (RS-485) 04: Keyboard potentiometer setting(UP/DN invalid) | | |
| P143 | Dynamic braking starting voltage | 300.0~900.0V | 350.0 660.0 | √ |
| P146 | Power on terminal start operation lock | 0: Operable (operable when the power-on terminal is closed) 1: Non-operable (non-operable when the power-on terminal is closed) | 1 | √ |
| P150 | Current limiting and frequency reduction current level | 100.0~250.0% relative to ac drive rated current | 165.0 | √ |
| P151 | Current limiting and frequency reduction maximum drop rate | 0~50.00Hz/s | 0.00 | √ |
| P152 | VF Deceleration over excitation gain | 0~200 During the deceleration of the ac drive, this parameter can suppress the rise of bus voltage and avoid over-voltage faults. The larger the over excitation gain, the stronger the suppression effect, but it is easy to cause the output current to increase or the speed to fluctuate, which needs to be weighed in the application | 0 | |
| P153 | VF over current stall gain | 0~100 The larger the value, the stronger the ability to suppress over-current. For the | 10 | √ |

| | | | | |
|------|---------------------------------------|---|---|---|
| | | load with small inertia, the over-current stall gain should be small, otherwise the dynamic response of the system will slow down. For loads with large inertia, this value should be large, otherwise the suppression effect will not be good, and overcurrent faults may occur. | | |
| P154 | VF overvoltage stall gain | 0~100 The larger the value, the stronger the ability to suppress overvoltage, but the actual deceleration time will be longer. In the absence of overvoltage, the smaller the gain setting, the better.。 | 0 | √ |
| P155 | Oscillation suppression gain | 0~100 Only when the motor oscillates significantly, the gain needs to be appropriately increased. The larger the gain, the more obvious the suppression of oscillation | 0 | √ |
| P156 | Communication response delay time | 0~1000ms | 3 | √ |
| P163 | The latest fault current | A | | ○ |
| P164 | The latest fault voltage | V | | ○ |
| P165 | The latest fault frequency | Hz | | ○ |
| P168 | Accumulated power consumption display | KW.H | | |
| P200 | Running frequency | 0.01Hz/0.1Hz | | ○ |

| | | | | |
|------|-----------------------------|--------------|--|---|
| P201 | Set frequency | 0.01Hz/0.1Hz | | ○ |
| P202 | Bus voltage | 1V | | ○ |
| P203 | Output voltage | 1V | | ○ |
| P204 | Output current | 0.1A | | ○ |
| P205 | Output power | 0.1KW | | ○ |
| P207 | Input terminal decimal | | | ○ |
| P208 | output terminal decimal | | | ○ |
| P209 | Analogue AVI input voltage | 0.01V | | ○ |
| P210 | Analogue ACI input value | 0.1mA | | ○ |
| P211 | IGBT temperature | 0.1℃ | | ○ |
| P212 | Count value | | | ○ |
| P213 | Reserved | | | ○ |
| P214 | Motor rotate speed | RPM | | ○ |
| P215 | PID setting | 0.0% | | ○ |
| P216 | PID feedback | 0.0% | | ○ |
| P217 | Present PLC stage | | | |
| P221 | FM output voltage | 0.01V | | |
| P227 | U phase current | 0.1A | | |
| P228 | V phase current | 0.1A | | |
| P229 | W phase current | 0.1A | | |
| P230 | Main setting frequency | 0.01Hz/0.1Hz | | ○ |
| P231 | Auxiliary setting frequency | 0.01Hz/0.1Hz | | ○ |
| P232 | AC drive overload count | | | ○ |
| P233 | Motor overload count | | | ○ |

Chapter 4 Communication Protocol

4.1 Communication Allocation

Set baud rate and parity bit through P89, P92.

4.2 Slave Address

The address of the ac drive should be set through P88, 0 is broadcast address, slave address could be set to 1~254.

4.3 Function Code 03: Present Reading the Variant

1. Readable parameter address distribution:

| Function | Address | Data and meaning |
|-------------------------------------|---------|--|
| Faulty status | 2100H | 0: No fault |
| | | 1: IGBT Short-circuits protection |
| | | 4: Over-current during Acceleration |
| | | 5: Over-current during Deceleration |
| | | 6: Over-current in constant speed operation |
| | | 7: Over-voltage during Acceleration |
| | | 8: Over-voltage during Deceleration |
| | | 9: Over-voltage in constant speed |
| | | 10: DC Bus under-voltage fault |
| | | 11: Motor over-load |
| | | 12: Ac drive over-load |
| | | 16: IGBT module's heatsink overheat |
| | | 17: External equipment fault |
| | | 19: Current detection circuit has fault or output loss phase |
| | | 20: Motor Auto-learning fault |
| 21: EEPROM operation fault | | |
| 24: Temperature sensor fault | | |
| 40: Hardware current limit exceeded | | |

| | | |
|---------------------------|---|--|
| AC drive operation status | 2101H | BIT5: 0 Standard status,1fault status |
| | | BIT11: 0 forward running status,1 reverse running status |
| | | BIT12: 0 stop ,1 running |
| Monitoring parameters | 2102H | Setting frequency 0.01Hz |
| | 2103H | Output frequency 0.01Hz |
| | 2104H | Output current 0.1A |
| | 2105H | DC bus voltage 0.1V |
| | 2106H | Output voltage 0.1V |
| | 2107H | Multi-speed or PLC present segment |
| | 210BH | Motor rotate speed RPM |
| | 210DH | Temperature of the ac drive 0.1℃ |
| | 210EH | PID feedback value 0.01V |
| | 210FH | PID target value 0.01V |
| | 2111H | Analog quantity AVI value 0.1V |
| | 2112H | Analog quantity ACI value 0.1mA |
| 2113H | External terminal | |
| Function parameter | P00~P162(Corresponding hexadecimal number is 0000H~00A2H) | Read the corresponding function code parameter value |

2. Examples of communication frame content

The upper machine read two data from the ac drive, and the two data is setting frequency and output frequency, the address is 2102H, 2103H, and the upper machine should send the data to the ac drive as follows;

| Slave address | Function code | Parameter address high byte | Parameter address low byte | Read data high byte | Read data low byte | CRC Parity bit high byte | CRC Parity bit low byte |
|---------------|---------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| 01 | 03 | 21 | 02 | 00 | 02 | 6F | F7 |

The setting frequency of the ac drive is 50.00Hz (corresponding 16 system data is 1388H). Bus voltage is 540.0v (corresponding 16 system data is 1518H).The ac drive feedback the

data to upper machine: $n=2$ is the number of variable quantity.

| Slave address | Function code | Read data of byte (2*n) | The first data high byte | The first data low byte | The second data high byte | The second data low byte | CRC Parity bit high byte | CRC Parity bit low byte |
|---------------|---------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| 01 | 03 | 04 | 13 | 88 | 13 | 88 | 73 | CB |

4.4 Function Code 06: Presents the Function Code of Writing Variable

1. The address distribution of writing parameter:

| Function | Address | Data | Meaning |
|--|--|--|--------------------|
| Communication control command | 2000H | BIT0~1 | 00B: No function |
| | | | 01B: Stop |
| | | | 10B: Start |
| | | | 11B: JOG(jog)start |
| | | BIT2~3 | Reserved |
| | | BIT4~5 | 00B: No function |
| 01B: Forward | | | |
| 10B: Reverse | | | |
| 11B: Reverse operation | | | |
| BIT6~15 | Reserved | | |
| Address of communication setting frequency | 2001H | Frequency command 0.01Hz ,both reading and writing are available | |
| Reset command | 2002H | BIT0 | Reserved |
| | | BIT1 | Reset |
| Writing function parameter ROM | P00~P162 (Corresponding 16 systems: 0000H~00A2) | Set corresponding function code, and store in ROM, storage after power-off | |
| Writing function parameter RAM | P00~P162 (Corresponding 16 systems: 8000H~80A2) | Set corresponding function code, and store in RAM, without storage after power-off | |

2. Examples of communication frame content

Example 1: Modify the deceleration time of the ac drive to 30.0s through the upper machine, corresponding 16 system data is 012CH, and store this setting when power-off. Dec time F0.11 responds the address of 16 systems is 000BH.

And the upper machine sends the data to the ac drive as follows;

| Slave address | Function code | Parameter address high byte | Parameter address low byte | Data high byte | Data low byte | Parity bit high byte | Parity bit low byte |
|---------------|---------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------|---------------|----------------------|---------------------|
| 01 | 06 | 00 | 0B | 01 | 2C | F8 | 45 |

And the ac drive feedback to the upper machine as follows;

| Slave address | Function code | Parameter address high byte | Parameter address low byte | Data high byte | Data low byte | Parity bit high byte | Parity bit low byte |
|---------------|---------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------|---------------|----------------------|---------------------|
| 01 | 06 | 00 | 0B | 01 | 2C | F8 | 45 |

Example 2 Modify the deceleration time of the ac drive to 30.0s through the upper machine, corresponding 16 system data is 012CH, and not store this setting when power-off. Dec time F0.11 responds the address of 16 systems is 800BH.

And the upper machine sends the data to the ac drive as follows;

| Slave address | Function code | Parameter address high byte | Parameter address low byte | Data high byte | Data low byte | Parity bit high byte | Parity bit low byte |
|---------------|---------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------|---------------|----------------------|---------------------|
| 01 | 06 | 80 | 0B | 01 | 2C | D1 | 85 |

And the ac drive feedback to the upper machine as follows;

| Slave address | Function code | Parameter address high byte | Parameter address low byte | Data high byte | Data low byte | Parity bit high byte | Parity bit low byte |
|---------------|---------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------|---------------|----------------------|---------------------|
| 01 | 06 | 80 | 0B | 01 | 2C | D1 | 85 |

Chapter 5 Troubleshooting

5.1 Fault Information and Troubleshooting Methods

| Fault code | Fault categories | Possible reasons of fault | Actions |
|------------|--|---|--|
| E004 | Over-current during acceleration | Too short Acc time | Prolong the Acc time |
| | | Low AC supply voltage | Check the input power supply |
| | | Drive power capacity is too small | Select a higher power ac drive |
| E005 | Over-current during deceleration | Too short Dec time | Prolong deceleration time |
| | | Low AC supply voltage | Appropriate dynamic braking components |
| | | Drive power capacity is too small | Select a higher power ac drive |
| E006 | Over-current in constant speed operation | Sudden change of load or abnormal | Check the load or reduce the sudden change of load |
| | | Low AC supply voltage | Check the input power supply |
| | | Drive power is too small | Select a higher power ac drive |
| E007 | Over-voltage during acceleration | Abnormal input voltage | Check the input power supply |
| | | The rotating motor re-starts after the drive stops instantly. | Avoid re-start after the drive stops instantly |
| E008 | Over-voltage during deceleration | Too short Dec time | Prolong the Dec time |
| | | Too big load inertia | Use bigger dynamic braking kit |
| | | Abnormal input voltage | Check the AC supply voltage |
| E009 | Over-voltage in constant speed operation | Abnormal change of input voltage | Install input reactor |
| | | Abnormal change of input voltage | Use suitable dynamic braking kit |
| E010 | DC Bus under-voltage | Low AC supply voltage | Check the AC supply voltage |

| Fault code | Fault categories | Possible reasons of fault | Actions |
|------------|----------------------------|--|--|
| E011 | Motor over-load | Low AC supply voltage | Check the AC supply voltage |
| | | Improper motor's rated current | Re-set motor's rated current |
| | | The motor is blocked or the load sudden increase | Check the load, adjust the value of torque boost |
| | | The drive's and motor's powers don't match | Use suitable motor |
| E012 | AC Drive over-load | Too short Acc time | Prolong the Acc time |
| | | The rotating motor re-start | Avoid re-start after the drive stops instantly |
| | | Low AC supply voltage | Check the AC supply voltage |
| | | Too heavy load | Select a higher power ac drive |
| E013 | Communication fault | The upper machine is not working properly | Check the upper machine connection |
| | | The communication line is abnormal | Check the communication cables |
| | | The communication line is abnormal | Set communication parameters correctly |
| E016 | Inverter module overheated | Blocked air duct or damaged fan | Drain the air duct or replace the fan |
| | | The ambient temperature is too high | Reduce ambient temperature |
| | | Control board connection or plug-in loose | Check and re-wire |
| | | The auxiliary power supply is damaged, and the driving voltage is undervoltage | Seek service |
| | | Power IGBT faulty | Seek service |
| | | Control board is abnormal | Seek service |
| E017 | External equipment fault | SI External fault input terminal action | Check the input of the external device |

| Fault code | Fault categories | Possible reasons of fault | Actions |
|------------|--|---|--|
| E019 | Current detection circuit fault or output phase loss | Wires or connectors of control board are loose | Check the connector and re-wire |
| | | Auxiliary power supply is damaged | Seek service |
| | | Hall sensor is damage | Seek service |
| | | Abnormal amplifying circuit | Seek service |
| E020 | Motor Auto-learning faulty | Motor's and drive's capacity doesn't match each other. | Replace the drive with another model |
| | | Improper settings of motor rated parameters | Set the parameters correctly According to the nameplate |
| | | Large deviations between auto-learning parameters and standard parameters | Make the motor no load, re-identify |
| | | Over time auto-learning | Check motor wiring and parameter settings |
| E021 | EEPROM read and write fault | EEPROM damaged | Seek service |
| E024 | Temperature sensor fault | Temperature sensor disconnection or circuit fault | Power off, and check the ac drive temperature wire loosen or not, seek service |
| E040 | hardware current limit exceeds | The load is too heavy or the acceleration time is too short or the motor is blocked | Select a higher power ac drive, increase the acceleration time, and eliminate the motor blockage |

5.2 Common Fault and Handling Methods

| Phenomena | Possible reasons of fault | Actions |
|--|---|--|
| The drive doesn't display after power-on | Drive's input supply is inconsistent with the rated voltage | Check with a multi-meter and troubleshoot the issue. |
| | 3-phase rectifier bridge blasted | Seek service |

| | | |
|--|---|--|
| The MCCB trips after power-on | There is a ground or short circuit between the input power | Troubleshoot the issue |
| | Rectifier breakdown, power line and motor line connect wrongly | Seek service |
| The motor is standstill after the drive running | The 3-phase outputs among U, V, and W are unbalance. | Check if damaged or obstructed |
| | No output voltage | Check whether the motor parameters are set correctly |
| The drive display is normal, after power-on, the MCCB of the power trips after operating | Phases shorted between output modules | Seek service |
| | Short circuit or grounding between motor leads | Troubleshoot the issue |
| | The distance between the motor and drive is far, Occasionally trips | Install output ac reactor |

Guarantee Agreement

Warranty of the company products executes in Accordance with "the quality assurance" in instructions.

1. Warranty period is 12 months from the date of purchasing the product
2. Even within 12 months, maintenance will also be charged in the

following situations:

2.1. Incorrect operation (According to the manual) or the problems are caused by unauthorized repair or transformation.

2.2. The problems are caused by exceeding the requirements of standards specifications to use the drive.

2.3 After purchase, loss is caused by falling damage or improper transportation.

2.4 The devices' aging or failure is caused by bad environment (corrosive gas or liquid).

2.5 Earthquake, fire wind disaster, lightning, abnormal voltage or other Accompanied natural disasters cause the damage.

2.6 Damage is caused during transport (note: the mode of transportation is determined by customers, the company helps to handle the transferring procedures of goods).

2.7 Unauthorized tearing up the product identification (e.g.: Nameplate, etc.); the serial number does not match the warranty card.

2.8 Failing to pay the money According purchase agreement.

2.9 Cannot objective actually describe the installation, wiring, operation, maintenance or other using situation to the company's service units.

Manufacturers: BY CHINA